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Anja Kohler/Bregenzer Festspiele Rainer Trost as Tamino in "The Magic Flute" on the festival's stage over Lake Constance

# introverted score.

Its music, complex and impressively crafted, is basically atonal, yet it can accommodate late-Romantic expressiveness in a way that recalls Alban Berg. It also has recourse to other idioms when they can serve the drama. For instance, just before the introduction of Shylock - a character Tchaikowsky must have identified with - brooding woodwinds articulate a lugubrious, vaguely Oriental theme surely meant to signify his Jewishness. Further listening would reveal other details of characterization in the densely packed but rather

Still, the opera shows a lack of theatrical savoir faire attributable, no doubt, to Tchaikowsky's inexperience. After cogently setting up the central plot in which Antonio, serving as surety for Shylock's loan to Bassanio, promises his pound of flesh, the drama meanders as the setting shifts from Venice to Belmont, and other characters – Shylock's daughter Jessica, Bassanio's beloved Portia, the latter's suitors and others - are introduced.

Yet the scene also brings engaging musical details, like fanfares drawn from Beethoven and (the other) Tchaikovsky, Renaissance dance rhythms and even Wagner's Ring leitmotiv, heard when Portia gives Bassanio a ring. Things get back on track at once following the revelation of Antonio's catastrophic shipping losses. The courtroom scene is gripping, and the epilogue supplies a pleasant, if unduly long, afterglow.

Also problematic is John O'Brien's libretto, which preserves much of Shakespeare's original language. Its fidelity may be a boon to those who know the play inside out, but otherwise the text - which was sung in English with German titles - was difficult to follow. What can audiences make of lines like Shylock's "take no doit of usance for my moneys" when sung at them?

Keith Warner's thoughtful staging, with sets and costumes by Ashley Martin-Davis, doesn't depict Venice in the detail Tchaikowsky seems to have contemplated. But it brings a bracing realism to the scenes dealing with the loan, especially the trial, while taking a whimsical, even surrealistic approach to the scenes in Belmont.

The playing by the Vienna Symphony, attentively balanced by the conductor Erik Nelson, went far in revealing the merits of the music, and the singers upheld their responsibilities with distinction. Casting Antonio as a countertenor was apparently meant to emphasize his emotional vulnerability - Mr. Warner sets the opening scene, in which Antonio complains of his sadness, in a psychiatrist's office. Christopher Ainslie's voice was too small for the role, but one grew accustomed to it. The tenor Charles Workman was in excellent form as Bassanio, painfully aware of Antonio's plight.

Adrian Eröd, a baritone, kept emotion in check as Shylock, irrespective of whether developments favored him or not, yet you felt the injustices the character suffers.

"The Merchant of Venice" is a co-production of Warsaw's Adam Mickiewicz Institute and Teatr Wielki.

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